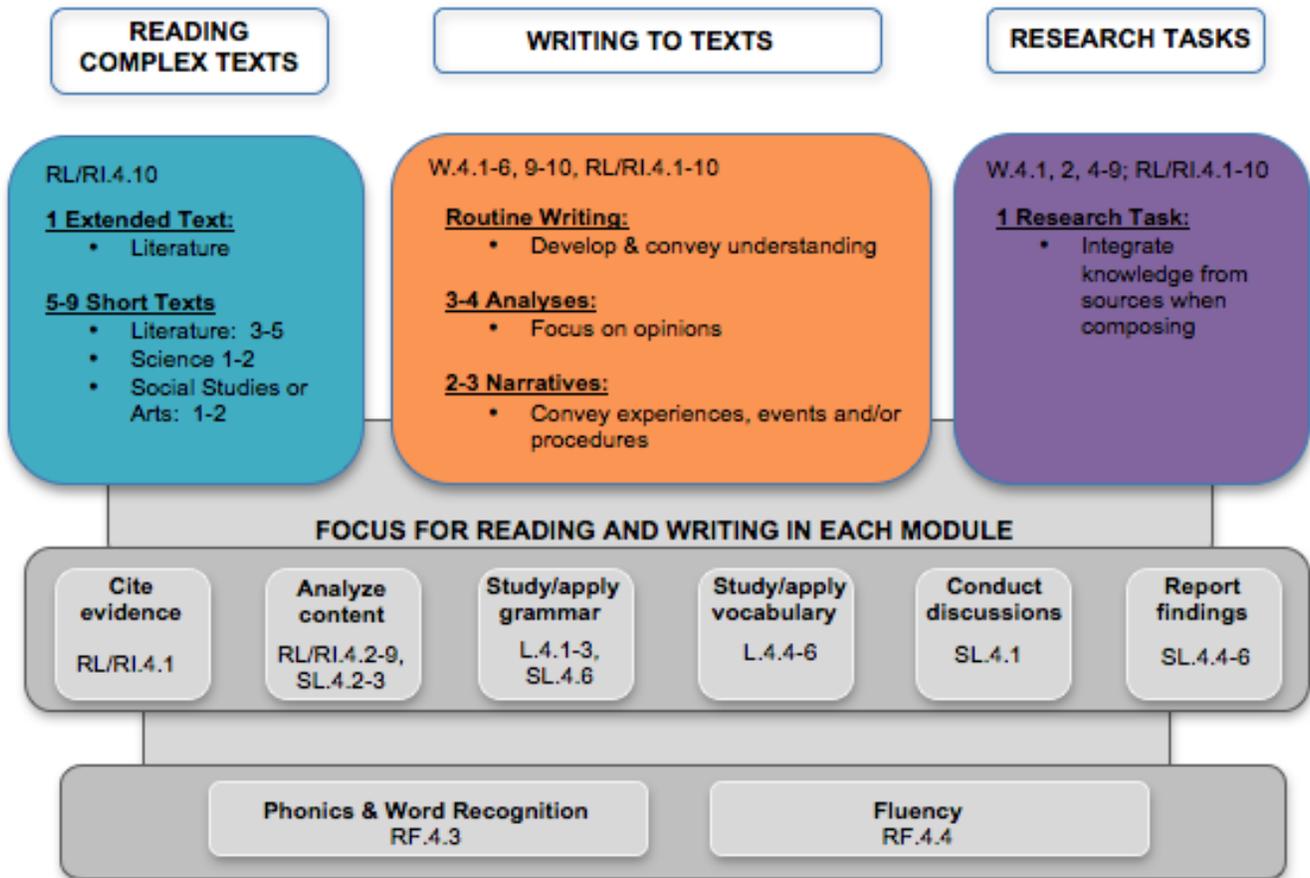


Campbell County Schools

4th Grade

4th Nine Weeks at-a-Glance



Suggested Grade-Appropriate Complex Texts		
Extended Text (Literature)	Short Texts	
	Literature Texts	Informational Texts
Phineas L. MacGuire...Gets Slimed <i>*Freedom Crossing by Margaret Goff Clark (goes with 4th grade SS curriculum)</i> <i>*The Story of Harriet Tubman: Freedom Train by Dorothy Sterling</i>	Owen and Mzee: The True Story of a Remarkable Friendship	Informational Texts
	The Fun They Had	Sea Sanctuary
	The Girl Who Loved Spiders	Toys! Amazing Stories Behind Some Great Inventions
	The Frog in the Milk Pail	Web Wise
		Amphibian Alert!
	Save Timber Woods!	Museums: Worlds of Wonder Making the Most from Trash
		Following Muir: A Persuasive Essay
Text-Embedded Grammar Skills <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Order of Adjectives Spell Grade Appropriate Words Correctly Continue Research Skills from 3rd Nine Weeks 	Mystery at Reed's Pond	A Big Python Problem
Research Task	Writing to texts <i>(These suggested writing topics should be spread throughout the nine weeks.)</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Narrative 1: text to self Analysis 1: text to self Choose 2 analysis and 1 narrative writing prompt to complete writing requirements 	
Students will complete one research task each nine weeks. Research tasks are deeply connected to and grounded in the complex texts and writing that is taught this nine weeks.		

Technology Expectations – Course Duration

- [RI.4.7](#) Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text.
- [W.4.2a](#) Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- [W.4.6](#) With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
- [W.4.8](#) Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
- [SL.4.2](#) Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
- [SL.4.5](#) Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes
- [L.4.4c](#). Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

Reading Standards for Literature

- [RL.4.1](#) Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- [RL.4.2](#) Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text: summarize the text.
- [RL.4.3](#) Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text(e.g., a character’s thoughts, words, or actions).
- [RL.4.4](#) Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).
- [RL.4.5](#) Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.
- [RL.4.6](#) Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first-and third-person narrations.
- [RL.4.7](#) Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text.
- [RL.4.9](#) Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.
- [RL.4.10](#) By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Reading Standards for Informational Text

- [RI.4.1](#) Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text
- [RI.4.2](#) Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
- [RI.4.3](#) Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
- [RI.4.4](#) Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a *grade 4 topic or subject area*.
- [RI.4.5](#) Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.
- [RI.4.6](#) Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.
- [RI.4.7](#) Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text.
- [RI.4.8](#) Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.
- [RI.4.9](#) Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject

knowledgeably.

- **RI.4.10** By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Reading Standards Foundational Skills

- **RF.4.3a** Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
- **RF.4.4a** Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- **RF.4.4b** Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
- **RF.4.4c** Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Writing Standards

- **W.4.1a** Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
- **W.4.1b** Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
- **W.4.1d** Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
- **W.4.2a** Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- **W.4.2b** Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- **W.4.2c** Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., *another, for example, also, because*).
- **W.4.2d** Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- **W.4.2e**
W.4.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
- **W.4.5** With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 [here](#).)
- **W.4.6** With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
- **W.4.7** Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- **W.4.8** Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources..
- **W.4.9b** Apply *grade 4 Reading standards* to informational texts (e.g., “Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text”).
- **W.4.10** Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening Standards

- **SL.4.1a** Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- **SL.4.1b** Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- **SL.4.1c** Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion
- **SL.4.1d** Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
- **SL.4.2** Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
- **SL.4.3** Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.
- **SL.4.4** Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
- **SL.4.5** Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
- **SL.4.6** Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal

discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 [here](#) for specific expectations.)

Language Standards

- **[L.4.1d](#) Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., *a small red bag* rather than *a red small bag*)**
- **[L.4.1f](#) Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.***
- **[L.4.1g](#) Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., *to, too, two; there, their*).***
- **[L.4.2a](#) Use correct capitalization**
- **[L.4.2c](#) Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.**
- **[L.4.2d](#) Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.**
- **[L.4.3a](#) Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.***
- **[L.4.3b](#) Choose punctuation for effect.***
- **[L.4.3c](#) Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).**
- **[L.4.4a](#) Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.**
- **[L.4.4b](#) Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., *telegraph, photograph, autograph*).**
- **[L.4.4c](#) Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.**
- **[L.4.5a](#) Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., *as pretty as a picture*) in context.**
- **[L.4.5b](#) Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.**
- **[L.4.5c](#) Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).**
- **[L.4.6](#) Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., *quizzed, whined, stammered*) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., *wildlife, conservation, and endangered* when discussing animal preservation).**